

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VII.]

SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1867.

[No. 1911.]

SALE.
and Oak Rails,
the main road in the fo-
and of the first quality—
description in the fo-
Bark may be had if ap-
A Saw-Mill, of a su-
is nearly finished, and
ly stuff of thirty feet in
John Ball, Agent.

SALE.
On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,
AT THE VENDUE STORE,
Corner of Prince and Water streets,
A variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day.

RENT.
the possession given,
DWELLING HOUSE,
occupied by Jacob Hoffman
for the Dry Goods busi-

Thompson & Son,
Stawf

of Partnership.
of Davey and Mills, was
the 17th instant—and Wil-
ly authorised to settle all
firm.

William N. Mills,
rner of Davey and Mills,
coff

ndebted to the above
to discharge their respect-
the 10th day of April
s will be commenced at
respect to persons.

N. Mills,
to carry on the Grocery &
e, in the house formerly
and Mills—
just received,
Firkkin Butter,
order for shipping.

wise and Co.
ffer for sale, at reduced
rices,

of Ale, Porter,
r, of a quality e-
ported.

also on hand,
d Philadelphia Por-
ter.

country and masters of
attended to, at their Ho-
g-street, nearly opposite
ore.

and a quantity of HOPS
Boston inspection, for
Harper's wharf, bottom
1. E.
2aw1w

empty bottles.

Hars Reward.

from the subscriber in Au-
gust a woman named Tab-
s of age, of the common
n complexion; long face,
nd her eyes sunk in—she
ind of house work, wash-
In the latter capacity she
rself in Alexandria, and
ority. There are various
h lead me to believe she
secreted by her husband
of Joseph Mandeville, ju-
to his father John Mandev-
and sometimes drives a
Twenty Dollars will be
district, and the above re-
10 miles without provi-
secured that I get her

cautioned against harboring
negro, in any capacity

H. ROSE.
2aw

row Boots.

FRANCIS,
New-York,

LY informs the public
factures Suwarrows Boots
Improvements, warranted
United States. After ma-
nce in his business, he has
ethod of retaining the elas-
warrants to fit the leg be-
ed. He makes boots of
s, viz. Suwarrows—Fair-
ers, Corsican Spring Toes,
Toes, Bonaparte's Graves,
d Shoes. He warrants to
qual to the tuck boots—
ease to call on a shop in
shop in King-street, oc-
nd Mr Hodgkin's tavern,
s selling cheap for cash.

ED DAILY BY
SNGW DEN.

SALES AT VENDUE.
On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,
AT THE VENDUE STORE,
Corner of Prince and Water streets,
A variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day.

ALL kinds of goods which are on limita-
tion and the prices of which are established,
can at any time be viewed and purchased at the
lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. M.
Just received from Philadelphia,

By Captain Hand,
29 chests Young Hyson, and
9 boxes Hyson Shulan Tea, of a superior
quality, which will be sold low.

Likewise on Hand,
6 hhds. good Sugar,
10 hhds. Molasses, of a good quality,
Salt of various kinds,
And a constant supply of Flour suitable for
family use.

Joseph Dean.

March 27

C. BENNETT

Has received per the HUNTER, from LONDON,
LINEN, from LIVERPOOL, and other late
arrivals—

The following Goods, viz.

LONDON superfine cloths and cassimeres
Muslins, lenos, dresses, mantles, &c.
Cotton and lace sleeves
Artificial flowers and wreaths
Silk and leather gloves
Irish linens and sheetings
Cotton kerseymeres, grandurells, &c.
An elegant assortment of waistcoating
Sampler canvas, Scotch gauze
Gentlemen's London hats, coarse do.
Diaper table cloths
3-4, 4-4, 8-4, and 10-4 diapers
Calicoes, silk and cotton chambrays, and
undressed ginghams
Sarsenets, long and short India com-
pny naukens

India tambores and plain mull muslins
Italian lustrings and French mantuas
White and other coloured English sattins
Ribbons, silk and cotton cords
Rich 6-4, 7-4, and 8-4 silk damask shawls
Fashionable buttons
Pins and needles
Waldron's grass and cradling scythes
Seine and sail twine
Shoe thread
British gunpowder, &c. &c.
May 7.

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May 7.

Freight Wanted,
For Boston or any of the Northern Ports

FOR THE
SLOOP WILLIAM,
WM SPEAR, Master;
About 800 barrels burthen.
Apply to
Lewis Deblois.

May 7.

Public Sale.

ON FRIDAY, the 29th instant, at eleven
o'clock, if fair, if not, the next fair day,
will be sold, on the premises, on credit of
6, 12 and 18 months, a number of valuable

Lots of Ground,

SITUATED on Fairfax, Water, Union &
Queen streets:
One moiety of that elegant and well finish-
ed three story brick HOUSE, situated on Wa-
ter street, and occupied by Dr. James Ken-
nedy.

By order of James Keith, Trustee,
P. G. Marsteller.

May 8.

FOR SALE,
BY LEWIS DEBLOIS,

An assortment of BROAD CLOTHS, from
eleven to eighteen shillings sterling cost—
part of them intitled to drawback.

Ravens Duck.
French Brandy.
Catalonia Wine, in half pipes and quarters
casks.

New-England Rum, in barrels.
Cod-Fish, and Stone Lime.
May 7.

May 7.

Freight Wanted,
For a new Schooner of 1000 barrels,
To any of the Windward Islands
or Lisbon.

She will be at Alexandria in five days.—
Apply to

W. Yeaton,
Ramsay's wharf.
May 9.

Exuma Salt—afloat.
Just received, by WADSWORTH and BUT-
LER—per brig Martha,
3500 bushels coarse EXUMA SALT—
which they will sell low, from on board.
April 29.

Washington, April 30, 1867.

Having been appointed by the Secretary of
the Treasury, agent for purchasing the eight
per cent. Stock of the United States, standing
on the books of the treasury, and the books
of the commissioners of loans for Maryland
and Virginia—

Notice is hereby given,
THAT I am ready to treat with any per-
sons for the purchase of said Stock, at private
sale, within the price limited by the 2d sec-
tion of the act of Congress of the 18th of Ap-
ril, 1866, a copy whereof is herewith an-
nexed.

James Davidson, jun.
Agent, &c.

Section 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED,
That the commissioners of the sinking fund
shall not be authorised to purchase any of the
several species of the public debt at a higher
price, than at the rates following, that is to
say—They shall not pay more for three per
cent stock than sixty per cent. of its nominal
value; nor for any other species of the public
debt more than the nominal value of its
unredeemed amount, the eight per cent.
stock only excepted, for which they shall
be authorised in addition thereto to give
at the rate of one half of one per cent on
the said nominal value for each quarterly divi-
dend, which may be payable on such purchas-
ed stock from the time of such purchase to
the first day of January, one thousand eight
hundred and nine.

May 4.

WANTED,
A MILLER who is master of
his business, to take care of a merchant mill.—
To such a one good wages will be given.—
For the person who wants, please apply to
Mr. Joseph Smith, Alexandria.

March 17.

Wanted to Purchase or Hire,
A NEGRO WOMAN, between 20 and
30 years of age, who understands house-
work.

Apply to the Printer.

April 27.

Printing, in its various branches,
handsomely executed at this office.

Have Received,
Per ship JOHN ANDREW, Capt Moore, lay-
ing at Merchants' wharf,

A cargo of Liverpool coarse Salt,
and 200 sacks stoved;

Which will be sold, at public auction, along-
side, on FRIDAY EVENING, half pas-
4 o'clock, on liberal credit.

I have also Received,
Per said ship,

80 crates queens and blue edged Ware, as-
sorted in small crates, and consisting of Plates,
Dishes, Mugs, Bowls, Tea Ware, &c.

William Hodgson.

May 14.

FOR CHARTER,
THE SHIP
JOHN ANDREW,
Capt. MOORE

Burthen about 2300 barrels, nearly new—
For terms apply to

W. M. HODGSON.

May 14.

I have just Received,
AND OFFER FOR SALE,
34 boxes, PRUNES,
16 half do. } fresh and in good order.
William Hodgson.

May 14.

Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of KING and FAIRFAX-STREETS,
ALEXANDRIA:

HAS FOR SALE,
An assortment of WINES, LI-
QUORS, GROCERIES, &c.

Consisting of

MADEIRA
Port
Sherry
Lisbon
Malaga
Teneriffe &
Cork

WINE.

On St. Etienne Medoc claret, in cases of
one dozen

A few dozen fine old frontinac
Ditto do. best wine bitters
Jamaica and West-India rum
New-England do.
Cogniac, Bourdeaux and Naples brandy
Holland and country gin
Schiedam gin in cases
Irish whiskey, very old
70 barrels Pennsylvania rye whiskey
Cider in barrels
White wine and Cider vinegar
Florence oil in flasks
2 hogsheads Havana honey
15 do. choice retailing molasses

Gunpowder
Imperial
Hyson
Young Hyson
Hyson-Skin and
Souchong

Muscovado sugars, different qualities
Bengal white do.
Loaf and lump sugars, Philadelphia, Bal-
timore and Alexandria.

Leiper's, Garrett's, and Hamilton's snuff,
in bottles and bladders.
Macuba and rapee do.
Clover-seed, (Penn. warranted)
Mace; nutmegs; cloves; cassia; pimen-
to; pepper; ginger, race and ground; Cay-
enne pepper; refined salt-petre.

Coffee; chocolate; rice; pearl barley;
London and Philadelphia mustard; basket
salt; starch; fig blue; floutant indigo; Geo-
gia and Tennessee cotton; flax; wool; mad-
der; copperas; allum; brimstone; chalk;
pipes in boxes; wrapping paper and twine
traces; bed cords; leading lines; demijohns;
gin cases; patent shot; brandywine-gunpow-
der; Harvey's gunpowder, [the only real Brit-
ish battle powder] from F to treble sealed;
chewing tobacco; best Havana segars.

Muscadel and bloom raisins in boxes.
Sun raisins in casks.
Zante currants; prunes; soft shelled al-
monds.

A few boxes excellent pickles, each one
dozen bottles assorted; capers, olives and an-
chovies, for sale by the box.

A quantity of clean good allum salt suitable
for the fishery, &c. &c.

March 19.

Just Received,
And For Sale by COTTON & STEWART,
Carr's Stranger in Ireland.
(Price One Dollar.)

March 7.

Public Sale.

ON TUESDAY NEXT,
Will be sold, at the Vendue-Store,
A Negro Woman, of about 45
years of age,

Accustomed to all kind of house work, and
the management of a dairy.

P. G. Marsteller.

May 15.

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be added to Tuesday's Sales,
A great Variety of
Women and Girls Morocco and
Kid Slippers.

Philip G. Marsteller.

May 15.

For Sale,
On reasonable Terms, for Cash,
On board the ship James Cook, from Portor-
mouth, N. H. laying near Conway's wharf,
HAY in bundles, of superior qua-
lity.

Barrels good cargo BEEF.
Barrels excellent CIDER.
Barrels POTATOES, of good quality.
Excellent CHEESE.

Apply to the Master on board.
May 15.

Marshal's Sale.

WILL be sold, for ready money, by vir-
tue of a decree of the hon. the district
court of Columbia, on WEDNESDAY, the
20th instant, between the hours of twelve and
two o'clock, at the coffee-house, in the town
of Alexandria—

Four Barrels Coffee;
Seized and forfeited to the United States.

R. MOSS, D. M.
For D. C. BRENT, Marshal
May 15.

SPANISH HIDES,
First quality Porto-Rico GREEN COF-
FEE, and St. Croix SUGARS;
Just received, per schooner FINE from St.
Thomas—

FOR SALE, BY
Richard Veitch & Co.
April 25.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from General
HENRY LEE, for securing to WILLIAM
LUDWELL LEE, deceased, the payment of a
debt of sixteen thousand six hundred and six-
ty-six dollars and sixty-six cents, with inter-
est thereon from the 17th day of April, 1798,
and upon the request of the legal representa-
tives of the said WILLIAM LUDWELL LEE,
deceased, I shall sell at public auction, to the
highest bidder, the following

Tracts of Land,
At the periods hereafter mentioned—that is
to say—

One Tract of LAND, stated to
contain sixteen hundred acres, called "Buf-
falo Marsh," lying in the county of Freder-
rick, together with a moiety of the Mill upon
the said tract—at Winchester, on the 4th day
of May next:—

And all the Right, Title, Interest
or Claim of the said HENRY LEE and WIFE,
to five hundred acres, lying in Fairfax coun-
ty, at the mouth of Difficult Run, on the west
side thereof, at or near the great falls of Po-
tomac—at Fairfax Court-House, on the 18th
day of May next.

It is expected that persons wishing to pur-
chase either of the above tracts, will previous-
ly view the same.

Bushrod Washington,
TRUSTEE.
January 30.

Owing to the late heavy
rains which have in a great degree rendered
the creeks impassable, the parties concerned
find it impossible to attend the Sale of a
Tract of Land stated to contain sixteen hun-
dred acres, called "Buffalo Marsh," ly-
ing in the county of Frederick, together
with a moiety of the Mill upon the said
Tract, as advertised to be sold at Win-
chester on the 4th instant. Notice is hereby
given, That the said sale is postponed until the
SECOND MONDAY in JUNE next, being
the 8th day of that month, at which time the
sale will positively take place in the said town
of Winchester.

Bushrod Washington,
TRUSTEE.
Alexandria, May 2. [5] 2aw3thJa

Late Foreign Intelligence.

Further Extracts from papers received by the ship *Dunfriess*, captain Beard from Liverpool, arrived at Norfolk.

LONDON, March 24.

The duke of Portland would find it a very difficult task to make out his new list, if talents were to be the standard of official rank; but as these are out of the question, it is easy to put down a number of names; and when the catalogue is completed, the offices may be assigned with as little difficulty; so that the Burlington administration may be considered rather as a collection than a selection; for there can be no choice where the materials are alike. The new arrangement, it is said, will be ready on Wednesday next. When that list is presented, will the inhabitants of Ireland find a sir John Newport, or a Bedford, &c. in it? or any of those exalted characters who sympathized with their distresses and poured balm into their wounds?

The people of this country have been accustomed, in every change, to look for talents, rank, landed property, and high personal connections in each successive administration. Men might be changed, but those proud distinctions were immutable—they raised this country in the eyes of foreign nations, and inspired their cabinets with a confidence in ours, the value of which, in a national point of view, cannot be too highly appreciated.

The earl of Hardwicke, whose vice-regal administration in Ireland, was so judiciously tempered and nicely balanced as to render his name dear to the people of that country, in his anxiety for the welfare of that part of the united kingdom, as inseparably interwoven with the prosperity of the whole, waited on Saturday, on his majesty at Windsor, and, as an hereditary counsellor of the crown, desired an audience to represent the agitation which this measure is likely to produce in Ireland. The king, we are told, received him with great politeness. Let the result of his representation be what it may, his lordship will have the consolation of having discharged an important duty. Lord Eldon was immediately admitted to the closet.

The earl of Chatham arrived in town from Belvoir Castle yesterday morning, where, it is said, he had been for the purpose of offering the duke of Rutland the lord lieutenancy of Ireland. His lordship will have a seat in the cabinet.

There are several lists in circulation, some of them appear to have been drawn as it were by lottery, and perhaps they are those that will come nearest the real one. In a scramble for power and places, men of pertinacity and presumption will take the lead, and aspire to situations for which they were never intended by nature or education.

With respect to the cause of this unexpected change, we are too short sighted to discover the policy of rejecting the services of a great proportion of our own countrymen, whose interests are the same with our own, who must rejoice at every thing which benefits our country, and grieve at every thing which hurts it, and of accepting of the services of strangers, of Hanoverians, and importing into England men whose interest have no natural connection with ours, who might easily be made to feel an interest in turning their swords against us, as well as against any foreign nation. We refuse to accept the services of our Catholic brethren, but do we refuse their money? Have we any scruple to tax them because of their religious sentiments? In other parts of the empire we even accept of the military services of the Hindoos, Negroes, and Mahometans, and make laws to protect them in the exercise of their religious rites! Is it of the British and Irish alone, of whom we must remain forever jealous, whom we can never regard as our countrymen and brethren?

Mr. Percival's speech on the Catholic question is supposed to have instigated this total change in his majesty's councils; he is to have his former office of attorney-general, in which he will, no doubt, be ready to make any discontent that may appear in Ireland on the rejection of the measure now before parliament, a pretext for those strong measures which he voluntarily offered, in his observations on the opening speech of the present session, to those with whom he would trust with nothing else, in order to suppress some trifling disturbances, of which we have never since heard more. The man who makes so light of the establishment of martial law and of the suspension of the habeas corpus act (for these are the well known interpretation of strong measures with re-

spect to Ireland) cannot be regarded, in a situation such as that of attorney-general, without a painful apprehension of fresh inroads on the constitution, and a dread of the renewal of those horrid legal cruelties, the bare remembrance of which is sufficient to make justice and humanity shudder.

It is expected that lord Howick will this evening be called on, in the house of commons, to give his promised explanation of the cause of this political convulsion, which seems to shake the empire to its centre.

Let our immediate circumstances be affected as they may, we trust in the good sense of the Irish nation to diminish the effect of any unwholesome disappointment whatever, by every thing that has taken place to disturb the cordiality of the cabinet, yet we hope no serious disunion will result out of it. The fate of this empire and indeed of Europe, is now in the hands of the present administration. If they break up, upon any point of domestic policy—if warm with adverse opinions they desert their posts, and commit to chance the destinies of their own and of other nations with which they are entrusted; who is bold enough to look at the probable result unmoved;—important as the intended measures of the present ministers are to our prosperity and happiness, yet in the vast scale of human interests, confided to them at this most critical of all junctures, they are comparatively small; and if any unfortunate schism should disable them from duly performing the efforts necessary for the general deliverance of Europe, all must be engulfed, and parties, sects, factions, nations and empires, perish in a common ruin.

[Dublin paper.]

Since our last, French papers to the 9th, and Dutch to the 14th inst. inclusive, have arrived, but their contents are not of great importance. It is said the towns of Elbing, Marienbourg and Marienwerder, have been again occupied by the French, who are also in possession of the whole of the coast along the gulph of Frisch-haf; but no considerable body of troops had arrived in the suburbs of Dantzic, for the purpose of commencing the siege of that city. The reduction of Graudentz was, it was understood, to be effected before regular approaches were made against Dantzic. A large detachment of the Bavarian army and a corps of 6,000 Saxons, were on the point of marching to join the grand army in Poland. A body of three hundred Russians taken prisoners at the battle of Poltusk, arrived the latter end of February at Cassel, on their way to Mentz. A great number of troops from Italy was on their march through the Tyrol for the purpose of effecting a junction with the Grand Army.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.

BERLIN, March 6.

Official accounts from the head quarters at Osterode, dated the 28th of February state, that all accounts concur in estimating the loss of the Russians in the battle of Eylau, at 20 generals and 900 officers, partly killed and partly wounded, and at 30,000 men disabled from further service. In the battle of Ostrolenka on the 16th of Feb. 2 Russian generals were killed and 3 wounded.

The army has gone into cantonments behind the Passarge. The left wing inclines to Marienwerder and Elbing, where the country presents many sources of accommodation.

A Russian division advanced towards Braunsberg, which lies at the point of our cantonments. The emperor gave orders that they should be attacked and the prince of Ponte Corvo, commissioned the meritorious general Dupont, to carry these orders into effect. On the 26th of February at two in the afternoon general Dupont appeared before Braun-Verg, attacked the strong division of the enemy, defeated them with the bayonet and drove them out of the town and back over the Passarge. He took 16 pieces of cannon, two standards, and 2,000 prisoners. Our loss in killed was trifling.

On the side of Glutstadt gen. Lieger Belair, marched on the 25th at break of day to Peterswalde, having learned that a Russian column had arrived there in the night. He attacked it and took prisoners the general baron Korff, several lieut. cols. and officers and 400 men. This brigade was composed of ten battalions which had suffered so much that it had not more than 1600 men under arms.

General Dombrowsky advanced against the Garrison of Dantzic. He fell in with it near Dirschen, took six hundred prisoners, and seven pieces of cannon, and pur-

sued it several leagues sword in hand. Marshal Lefebvre came up with the 10th corps, which he commands; he was joined by the Saxons, and marched to invest Dantzic.

[Hamburg Cor. March 11.]

March 13.

The object of the Russians, in passing the Lower Vistula, seems to have been to relieve the fortresses on this side, and to retake this city. So great has been their infatuation, that notwithstanding one defeat has followed close upon another, they could not persuade themselves to relinquish it. According to accounts from the head quarters at Osterode, of the 6th, the Russians again approached the Passarge in force. The emperor, however, gave orders for some of the corps to pass that river, and the enemy was driven ten leagues backward, and he was pursued with such energy, that he seemed to think the object of the French was to attack Konigsberg. To that place, therefore, the enemy fled with precipitation. The badness of the roads extremely favored the enemy, as the French cavalry was considerably impeded. The latter, therefore, contented themselves with driving back the enemy, and returned to their position. On the seventh all was quiet again.

As the late operations have been the cause of his majesty remaining so far from Warsaw, it is thought that the diplomatic corps will come hither. It is even meant to insinuate, that it is not impossible but that as soon as the winter quarters are settled, his majesty will return to this capital.

Another Russian official account of the battle of Eylau.

VIENNA, May 7.

TO COMTE RASUMOUSKY.*

Extract from the dispatches of general Essen, dated 31st Jan. (12th Feb.) 1807, received 6th Feb. (18th.)

"I hasten to communicate to your excellency the happy intelligence which I have just received from general Benning. Bonaparte attacked him on the 18th instant, (N. S.) with all his forces, near Eylau; but he met with so obstinate a resistance, that he was obliged to renounce his purpose, with a loss which is estimated at 25,000 men. Gen Benning has marched to Wittenberg, in order to replenish himself with ammunition.

"On my part, I attacked on the 3d instant (N. S.) the corps opposed to me. They were defeated on the whole line. The enemy, having been reinforced afterwards by the army of reserve under Oudinot, appeared desirous to attack me, but I shall do this myself to-morrow, and I hope that God will bless our arms."

[No. 2.]

Extract from the report of general Benning, dated the 11th Feb. (N. S.) 1807, received 18th Feb. (N. S.)

Wittenburgh, Feb. 11.

"Having been informed that the enemy had collected all his forces at Allenstein, I advanced with all mine. Being arrived at Jankow, I was attacked there on my left wing, and drove the enemy back. The same was done also in every direction on my right wing—however, the engagement was prevented from becoming general by the approach of night.

"I then resolved to change my direction, in order to cover the city of Konigsberg, which was the point at which all the endeavors of Bonaparte were aimed. I thus drew the enemy along my side, and my rear continued fighting six days successively.

"At length being arrived on the 7th instant (N. S.) at Preussich Eylau, I halted and waited his approach. He attacked me, and entered into the town, which was in my front. As our forces could no longer resist those opposed to them, I dispatched a part of my reserve against them, and advanced myself to the attack.

"The town was retaken in an instant, and two battalions of the enemy, which had not time to escape, were in part cut to pieces or taken, together with two colors. In the evening I evacuated the town secretly, in the expectation that the enemy would send a body of troops on the other side of it, in order to attack my centre, which, in fact, took place during the night.

"At the break of day I directed a part of my artillery against the French column; it was thrown into disorder, and forced to draw back. Bonaparte himself then attacked me on all points, at the head of four corps of his army and of his guards. He was every where repulsed and completely beaten. He renewed the attack with his guards repeatedly, but whole columns of

* Russian ambassador.

infantry, and regiments *de Cuirassiers d'Elite*, were nearly annihilated by the fire from our line, charges from our cavalry, and at the points of our bayonets.

"I estimate the loss of the enemy at more than 25,000 men. We have captured 20 stand of colors, and made 2,000 prisoners. I shall cause this preliminary report to be followed by a detailed relation of the battle, which I shall lay at the feet of his majesty the emperor."

BANKS OF THE ELBE, March 7.

(Extract of a letter.)

"The reports respecting the retreat of Bonaparte, which are current, and which gain general belief, are in some measure supported by the French accounts, contained in the late Hamburg papers. The French pretend that their soldiers are under the very walls of Konigsberg (which, it is notorious, cannot stand a regular siege); yet confess that their head quarters are at Osterode, taking care to mention this place in common with Elbing and Leibstat, which are not at so great a distance from the object of their wishes; and such we must presume Konigsberg to be, where every kind of stores are to be found. We know too, from the French accounts, that, after the battle of Eylau, they were so much in want of provisions as to order a supply to be sent from Posen to Thorn.

"The reports of last night were, that the French head quarters were at Thorn; and this, it is said, is asserted in letters as well from Berlin as from Copenhagen.

"The same reports, which I cannot indeed trace to any satisfactory authority, but which obtain credit, go to the extent of affirming that Bonaparte proposed an armistice to Benning, which was peremptorily refused.

"It seems to be the object of the Russians, regardless of their own loss, to exhaust the enemy, whose situation thus becomes every day more critical; for surely neither the new conscripts nor the forced auxiliaries of Saxony can supply the place of the choicest troops of Bonaparte which, according to Benning's report, are falling every day.

"In the mean while Germany lies open to any assailant; and it is not easy to say how small a force would not be sufficient to arouse the immense population of Germany against their enemies. The Swedes are collecting in great numbers at Stralsund; and Hussia, Hanover and Westphalia are left almost without troops. The appearance of a British force in this neighborhood is rather longed for than expected. In the mean while Austria maintains her commanding but dubious position.

"On Sunday the 1st, a *Te Deum* was commanded to be sung by the commandant of Stettin, but the order was suddenly countermanded. French officers have, it is said, confessed that the expectations raised by the victory of the 8th have not been gratified, and extreme want prevails in the French army."

BALTIMORE, May 13.

Arrived the brig *Venus*, Prior from Martinique, and 22 days from Dominiqu. The day after leaving Martinique, was taken by the privateer schooner *Rose* and *Matilda*, captain Jennings, carried into Dominiqu, where she was detained 11 days; liberated by paying 413 dollars. Left there ship *Meteor*, Fitch, of Boston, and brig *Caroline*, Brown, of Philadelphia, detained, May 8, lat. 35, long. 74, spoke brig *Jane*, Lynch, bound to New York.

Arrived schooner *Oriental*, West, 187 days from Mocha, and 63 from Cape of Good Hope. Left at Mocha ships *Hebe* and *Augusta* of Baltimore, and *Margaret* of Salem. February 20, in a violent gale off Bourbon, lost her foremast, bowsprit and mainmast. 14th spoke *Bramio*, Sington, from Bengal for Philadelphia, who supplied her with a topsail yard. The British brig *Huron*, Findley, arrived at Cape of Good Hope, with the loss of topsail & most of her sails in the gale off Bourbon, in which she parted company with the *Blenheim* of 74 guns and *Batavia* frigate, and it is supposed they were either dismasted or lost. Left at the Cape of Good Hope ship *Pekin* of Philadelphia, to sail in two days for Madras. Met an American ship going into the Cape as the *Oriental* came out.

Joseph Janney

HAS JUST RECEIVED

His SPRING GOODS, in a considerable quantity and a good assortment, which are offered for sale.

He has removed his Store to King's street, opposite to Paton and Butchers. 5 mo. 12.

Printing, in its various branches, handsomely executed at this office.

FROM

Letter from captain prince bashaw

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PRINTED IN NEW-YORK.

THOU wilt learn from this letter,
most illusrious disciple of Mahomet, that

Yet beautiful, on! Most puissant slave
 Their wives, they are far ex-
 omeo of this country. E.
 o about the streets with

But notwithstanding the charms of these
infidel women, they are apt to have one
fault, which is extremely troublesome and
which I should rather believe it

subject state of these wretched infidels. I am told moreover, that some of the women have soul enough to usurp the *breech*

heard of the great Omar, who prayed three times to each of the one hundred and twenty-four thousand prophets of our most ho-

They will doubtless be anxious to learn our reception in this country, and how we were treated by a people whom we have been accustomed to consider as unenlightened.

ed us that this was the customary manner in which great men were honored in this country, and that the more distinguished they were, the more were they honored.

Thou wilt not as yet expect that I should give thee an account of the laws and poli-

This empire is governed by a grand and most puissant bashaw, whom they dignify with the title of president. He is chosen by persons who are chosen by an assembly elected by the people—and the country free; the body politic doubtless resembling a vessel, which is best governed by a tail. The present bashaw is a very plain old gentleman, something they say of a humorist.

I have observed, with some degree of surprise, that the men in this country do not seem in haste to accommodate them-

Thou hast doubtless read in the works of Abul Faraj the Arabian historian the tradition which mentions that the muses were once upon the point of falling together by the ears

When I have studied this people more profoundly, I will write thee again; in the meantime watch over my household, and do not let my beloved wives, and children catch

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

The following extract of a letter, though not of a very recent date, is handed to us for publication as containing some

"I have finally got to this once-flourishing city. To a man of feeling the contrast between its former activity and present stagnation must excite unpleasant sen-

1990

An excellent tanning principle has been discovered by Dr. Howison, in the Mangrove Bark.—400lbs. of bark are infused in 100 gallons of rain water, which after standing about 40 hours, is exposed to the sun until the liquid is concentrated by evaporation to the consistency of treacle, and then reduced by boiling to about 2 gallons, when it has the appearance of pitch.—One cwt. may be made for ten or twelve shillings.

MODESTY may justly be accounted either a virtue or a vice ; or rather when it is blamable, a foolish bashfulness : for then it betrays

In all accidents of life, a man may have too much or too little modesty ; but he that has too much will always suffer the most. Foolish simplicity hurts itself, while daring im-

FROM THE PEOPLE'S FRIEND.

100

“ War might best upheld,
“ Move by her two main nerves, Iron and
“ Gold,
“ In all her equipage ”

But this was not all. A systematic re-
trenchment was adopted, which had fair
to bring the war establishment of that ad-
ministration down to the level of the

These things concern the world, and are therefore, subjects meet for the consideration of every friend of mankind. For our part, we have been

NOTICE.

THE subscriber wishing to close her business, requests all persons indebted to her to call and settle their accounts without delay, and such as have claims against her will please present them for adjustment.

I have for Sale,
A few thousand White Oak Staves, twenty barrels of southern Pork and one hundred

For Sale,
On WEDNESDAY, the 27th current,
at 12 o'clock, by the Auctioneer, K.

May 16. William James Hall. dts

Those masters of vessels who may omit having their bills of health thus certified, will be liable to undergo quarantine.

It is requisite that any article shipped for

May 16. d
Bank of Potomac,

which will be paid them, or their representatives, at the Bank, on Wednesday next, the 13th inst.

By order of the President & Directors,

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Being desirous of bringing the affairs of the late firm of THOMPSON and VEITCH, to a final close, OFFER FOR SALE the following

REAL PROPERTY, viz.

THREE comfortable Dwelling-Houses, with elegant stores on the south side of King, between Fairfax and Royal-streets, lots extending back 175 feet; at present occupied by Joseph Janney, James Russell, and James R. Riddle and Co. The situation is considered to be amongst the best for business in Alexandria.

A dwelling house and lot on the north side of King-street, near the corner of King and Pitt-streets, occupied by Samuel Snowden.

A lot, fronting 56 feet on Pitt-street, extending back 119 feet, and bounded on the south by an alley, on which is a shed occupied by M. Dorsey, coach-maker.

A brick dwelling house on Prince-street, between Fairfax and Royal-streets, occupied by William Lovering.

Also, the vacant lots adjoining, on each side of said house. Their situation for business equal to any unimproved property in town.

That large and commodious brick tavern, in George-Town, with all the buildings and improvements attached thereto, situated on the main street leading from the public ferry, occupied by Joseph Semmes.

Three handsome three story brick dwelling houses, with brick stables and carriage houses, being part of the six buildings, situated on Pennsylvania avenue, in the city of Washington.

A handsome, commodious, and well finished brick dwelling house, in Charlestown, Jefferson county, late the property of Van Rutherford, with a large garden and the corner storehouse on same lot, situate near the centre of the main street.

Also, a tan-yard with sundry improvements, a comfortable dwelling house and lot adjoining, very handsomely situated, &c. Late the property of George Hite.

Also, a two story house and lot on the main street, at present occupied by Charles Foulk.

And a vacant lot on the main street, in a central situation for business.

For particular information respecting the above property in Charles-Town, application may be made to William Tate, Esq. of that place, or to Henry St. George Tucker, Esq. of Winchester.

A tract of land in Loudoun county, containing 400 acres, situate near the Gum Spring, late the property of J. Spencer. On this tract there are two settlements and about 60 acres in cultivation, the rest of the land well timbered; the new turnpike road will pass thro' a part of this tract. Captain Charles Lewis living near the Gum-Spring, will shew this land to any person desirous of viewing it.

One other tract of 196 acres, in Frederick county, about four miles from Winchester and near the lands belonging to Judge Holmes. For particulars apply to Henry St. George Tucker, Esq.

One other tract of 400 acres, in Hampshire county, on a branch of Fainley's Run, near the town of Frankfort, formerly owned by Daniel Jones.

One other tract of 500 acres, in Randolph county, being part of an old military survey, on the south side of Glad Creek, considered to be of excellent quality. This tract is situated in a thickly settled part of that country, and contiguous to the main road leading from Randolph to the horse-shoe-bottom, on Cheat-river.

One other tract, named *Fertility*, of 265 acres, in Westmoreland county, state of Pennsylvania; situated on the Monongahela river, and binding thereon for 3-4 of a mile, about one quarter of a mile below Casner's ferry, and 4 miles above Pukinson's ferry. A large proportion is rich bottom land, with a valuable orchard of sugar trees and about 60 acres in cultivation. The main road from Union-Town to Pittsburg passes close by this land.

Any part of the above described property we are disposed to sell at reasonable rates, on the following terms, viz. One fifth in hand, and the residue in three or four equal annual payments, the purchaser giving bonds with security on the premises.

Jonah Thompson,
Richard Veitch.

Alexandria, April 25. w&stf

For Sale or Rent,

MY LAND, TOBACCO WARE-HOUSE, and other buildings at Boyd's Hole; at present in the occupancy of Mr. John W. Timberlake. Possession may be had the first of April. For further particulars apply to Mr. William F. Grymes, near the place, Mr. William Wedderburn, of Alexandria, or the subscriber.

W. Fitzhugh.

February 21. 2awf

To Sell or Rent,

Sundry LOTS in Alexandria—Also several in the city of Washington. For terms apply to

Sarah Porter.

VALUABLE MEDICINES.

The following Valuable Medicines, justly celebrated throughout the United States for their superior efficacy in the cure of the several disorders for which they are recommended, from *Hamilton's* Patent Family Medicine Store, New-York, are sold only by the subscriber, at his store in King-street:

Hamilton's Grand Restorative.

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy and permanent cure of nervous disorders or such as arise from the immoderate use of tea, strong liquors, long residence in warm climates, excessive weakness, and a general relaxation of the system.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for the gout, rheumatism, sprains, pains in the face and neck, &c.

Hamilton's Worm-destroying Lozenges.

By which many thousands have been relieved from the distressing and dangerous malady of worms and other obstructions in the stomach and bowels.

Hamilton's Elixir.

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, sore throats and approaching consumptions.

Hahn's Anti-bilious Pills.

Are justly esteemed for carrying off the superfluous bile from the stomach and preventing morbid secretions and their consequences, bilious and malignant fevers, &c. These pills are perfectly mild in their operation, and may be used with safety by persons of every age and in every situation.

The Sovereign Ointment for the Itch.

A speedy and effectual remedy, generally removing the complaint at one application. It may be safely used by persons of every age.

The Anodyne Elixir.

For the cure of every kind of head ache.

Hahn's genuine Eye-Water.

An excellent remedy for all disorders of the eyes, many persons having been cured of it when nearly deprived of sight.

Tooth-ache Drops.

Give immediate relief in the most violent attacks.

The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

Cleanses and strengthens them, and preserves the enamel of the teeth from decay.

Gowland's Lotion, and the genuine Persian Lotion.

Both celebrated in the fashionable world as most excellent cosmetics and perfectly safe.

Hahn's true and genuine Corn-Plaster.

A certain remedy for corns, speedily eradicating them without giving pain.

Ague and Fever Drops.

Justly esteemed for their great efficacy in the cure of agues and intermittent fevers.

Damask Lip Salve, and Indian Vegetable Specific.

James Kennedy, sen.

Alexandria, October 18. eS

ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE.

OF the great efficacy of the *Patent and Family Medicines*, prepared by the late Richard Lee, jun. which for near eight years past have acquired throughout the United States a celebrity hitherto unequalled.

Philadelphia, August 9, 1800.

Being desirous to make public for the good of others, the excellent quality of HAMILTON'S ELIXIR, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it, which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breathing became very difficult, and frequently I have had suddenly to rise up in my bed with all the horrors of immediate suffocation. Add to these a constant pain in my breast and a cough, a great loss of strength and flesh, and you may conceive that my symptoms evidently indicated an approaching consumption. The advice of a most eminent physician was resorted to, and afterwards a second was called in, without giving me any relief. Another physician who knew me and the circumstances of my case, advised me to give Hamilton's Elixir a trial, saying, he had used it in his practice, and always found it do much good. A bottle was procured from Mr. Birch's, and I found relief before I had taken one half of it. I continued to use it and was soon strong enough to attend to business. On taking cold, some of my former symptoms return, but are always removed by a dose or two of the elixir.

GEO. BENNER, jun.
No. 11, Budd-street, Philadelphia.
Mrs. H. Lee.

From Luther Martin, Esq. late Attorney-at-Law of the State of Maryland.

I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or similar complaints, have rendered medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast, accompanied with soreness, and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR

Is recommended as the best remedy for coughs, colds, asthmas, hooping-cough, approaching consumptions, and most disorders of the breast and lungs. This preparation will prove a valuable acquisition to public speakers who may be subject to temporary hoarseness, thickness of speech, &c. In long confirmed Asthmatic complaints where a cure can speedily be expected, this medicine affords immediate relief, moderating the fits of coughing, and rendering their recurrence less frequent. On children afflicted with the hooping cough, the like beneficial effects may confidently be expected.

ITCH CURED.

By once using Lee's Sovereign Ointment, which, although used for 20 years in Europe and for near 8 years in America, has never been known to fail in any one instance. It is perfectly innocent, warranted not to contain a particle of mercury or any pernicious ingredient, and may be used with perfect safety on an infant, being a vegetable preparation and entirely free from the offensive smell which attends most other remedies.

HAMILTON'S LOZENGES.

Which have cured more children and adults of disorders proceeding from worms, than all the medicines heretofore discovered. In addition to the great cures mentioned in the letters from the chancellor of the state of Maryland, the Rev. Mr. Mollhier and others, lately published the following are submitted to the public; being selected for the purpose of shewing the mild yet powerful qualities of this extraordinary medicine, which, although so mild in its operation, is competent to expel the formidable tape worm.

An infant, aged 3 weeks, of Mr. Henry Ewbank, taylor, Charles-street, Baltimore, was dangerously afflicted with convulsion fits, so that his life was despaired of, but was perfectly cured by one dose of Hamilton's Worm Lozenges, which expelled several worms, the undoubted cause of the child's disorder.

Letter from Mr. Ackerman, bricklayer, Magazine-street, near Broadway, Jan. 24, 1802.

It would be ungrateful were I to withhold my testimony in favor of Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges. I had been between five and six years past much indisposed, and latterly often tormented with severe griping and pains in the bowels, troubled with offensive breath, with violent feverish fits, and other obvious symptoms of worms; but frequently hearing your Worm Lozenges recommended in cases similar to mine, I determined on a trial of them, as my last resource. The first dose evacuated twelve or 13 feet of a tape worm; two other doses were taken, which brought away a quantity of matter broken like skins and pieces of worms. I suppose the tape worm, voided at different times, must in the whole have exceeded forty feet. The almost incredible benefit I received from this medicine, induced me to give a dose to a child of mine who was pining and sickly; it produced the same good effect in this instance, expelling a worm of a different kind, from nine to twelve inches long, and at the same time restoring a good state of health.

HENRY ACKERMAN.

ALSO,

The following new and valuable Medicine, just received and for sale as above.

(Price, Two Dollars per bottle.)

Dr. Tissot's celebrated Gout and Rheumatic Drops.

NOTHING is of more importance than the preservation of health—this common place remark however is too often forgotten, whilst we are active and strong—and prevention of pain, which is superior to its cure, is not sufficiently attended to by any description of persons. Among those disorders which require the most early and unremitting efforts to eradicate and overcome, none have a stronger claim upon our notice than the Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Weakness of the Joints, Sprains, Gleet, the Stone and Gravel, the Cramp and every species of Rheumatic Pains from whatever cause they may have originated—and hence every relief which can be administered is too valuable to be forgotten. Those persons whose avocations peculiarly expose them to colds, &c. cannot be too anxious always to possess immediate aid. Sea-faring persons, travellers, &c. ought constantly to carry with them that medicine which will counteract the unpleasant effects of their perilous duties, and especially those pains to which their situation must expose them. To those

who reside in or visit the West-Indies, or other warm climates, they will be found useful to convey the most lasting service, and will gradually destroy all tendency to disease in the human frame, and preserve health and vigor. Although a great variety of prescriptions have been published to cure the disorders enumerated above, none has yet equalled the GOUT AND RHEUMATIC DROPS of Dr. TISSOT, which are celebrated throughout the European continent, and whose unbounded benefits are fully authenticated by certificates already published of gentlemen well known in America, being of the first consequence in the state of Maryland: General Charles Ridgely, of Hampton; John Gibson, Esq. one of the directors of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland; John Macubbin, Esq. Mrs. Macubbin, his wife; and Mrs. Ryan, of Calverton.

Certificate of Mr. Thomas Kelso, butcher. About three weeks since I was most violently attacked with Rheumatic pains throughout my whole frame, in so severe a manner as not to be able to turn in my bed without assistance, proceeding as I suppose from a severe cold, on being advised by a friend to apply Dr. Tissot's Gout and Rheumatic Drops, I accordingly obtained from the agents Messrs. George Dobbin and Murphy, two bottles, the application of which, under God, have perfectly restored me to health. I am therefore induced with confidence to recommend this medicine as a certain cure for the above disorder.

THOMAS KELSO.

Baltimore, July 22d, 1806.
Certificate of Mr. Thomas Campbell, Harmer-maker.

It would be an act of injustice to withhold my testimony of the salutary effects of Doctor Tissot's Gout and Rheumatic Drops, as I have experienced a very unequivocal instance of their virtues and efficacy. I was afflicted with two severe attacks of what is usually called Dead Palsy, from which I partially recovered, but was obliged to use crutches to aid me in walking when I left home; to this were joined violent Rheumatic pains, the result of the affliction, and I had feared the disorder would accompany me through life; but providentially was recommended to apply to George Dobbin and Murphy's for Dr. Tissot's Drops, and after using only one bottle, found myself perfectly liberated from my disorder, and am now, thank God, as free from pain as if I never had been afflicted. Finding this medicine operate so powerfully on myself, I determined to apply it internally to my child, a boy only eleven months old, who was then reduced almost to a skeleton with the Bowel Complaint; after administering it four times to him, his complaint was entirely removed, and he is now recovering his strength with great rapidity.

TH. CAMPBELL.

Baltimore, July 28, 1806.

Public Sale.

By virtue of a deed of trust from GEORGE BEARD to the subscriber, made for the purpose of securing to Philip Darrell and Elliott Muse, who became security for the said Beard in a forthcoming bond, given by him to John Janney, merchant, in Alexandria, will be exposed to sale, at Colonel James Wren's tavern, on THURSDAY, the 11th day of June next, for ready money,

All the Property mentioned in the said Deed, viz.

One Negro Woman, called Betty—Ben-Matilda, and Jess—one Waggon, one Cart and Farming Utensils—eleven head of horned Cattle, twelve head of Sheep, and Five Shoats.

Charles Little, Trustee.
May 9. dtl

Isaac Entwisle and Co.
Have on hand and offer for sale, at reduced prices.

A quantity of Ale, Porter, Beer and Cider, of a quality equal to any imported.

They have also on hand, A quantity of old Philadelphia Porter.

Orders from the country and masters of vessels will be duly attended to, at their Bottling Cellar, on King-street, nearly opposite Mr. Hugh Smith's store.

M. B. YEAST, and a quantity of HOPS of the first quality, Boston inspection, for sale, at his store on Harper's wharf, bottom of Prince-street.

April 16. 2awf

Cash given for empty bottles.

TO RENT,

And immediate possession given, THAT commodious two story FRAME HOUSE, on the lower end of Water-street, 32 feet front, with two wings 16 feet each, with smoke house, dairy and stable, and fine garden—Also, the use of a large vacant lot well calculated for a garden, for further particulars enquire of

T. Sanford,
T. Preston.

May 5. 6012t

PRINTED DAILY BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN.

Vol. VI

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